CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

CITY COMMISSION

Brett Peterson, Mayor H. Harry Banks Lisa K. DeVitto Judith B. West Katie Berg

CITY MANAGER

Michael Esposito

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Debbi Peacock

Prepared by: City of Crescent City Finance Department

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager, City of Crescent City, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crescent City, Florida, (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Crescent City, Florida's basic financial statements. The Water and Sewer Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 18, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida May 18, 2021

Crescent City's management of the City of Crescent City, Florida, we offer readers of the City of Crescent City, Florida's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Crescent City, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Crescent City, Florida's basic financial statements. The City of Crescent City, Florida's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Crescent City, Florida's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Crescent City, Florida's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Crescent City, Florida is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Crescent City, Florida that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Crescent City, Florida include general government, public safety, transportation, parks and recreation and community redevelopment. The business-type activities of the City of Crescent City, Florida include natural gas, water and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Crescent City, Florida, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Crescent City, Florida can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

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Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Crescent City, Florida adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 14 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Crescent City, Florida maintains a proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Crescent City, Florida uses enterprise funds to account for its natural gas, water and sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the natural gas, water and sewer operations, which are considered to be a major funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-17 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Crescent City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 - 19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 39 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Crescent City, Florida, assets exceeded liabilities by \$14,401,202 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Crescent City, Florida's net position (71 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Crescent City, Florida uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the City of Crescent City, Florida's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

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City of Crescent Cit	v. Florida's	Condensed Statemen	nt of Net Position
City of CityCtit Cit	v. i iviiua s	Condensed Statement	

	Government	tal Activities	Busine	ss-type	To	tal
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 2,726,249	\$ 2,431,848	\$ 1,948,649	\$ 2,063,001	\$ 4,674,898	\$ 4,494,849
Capital assets	5,081,292	4,664,177	7,027,139	7,134,172	12,108,431	11,798,349
Total assets	7,807,541	7,096,025	8,975,788	9,197,173	16,783,329	16,293,198
Deferred Outflows	105,469	141,486	-	-	105,469	141,486
Long-term liabilities						
outstanding	132,778	104,911	1,978,961	2,032,269	2,111,739	2,137,180
Other liabilities	79,009	147,030	228,875	239,230	307,884	386,260
Total liabilities	211,787	251,941	2,207,836	2,271,499	2,419,623	2,523,440
Deferred Inflows	67,973	40,319	-	-	67,973	40,319
Net position:						
Net investment in capital						
assets	5,081,292	4,664,177	5,122,502	5,153,422	10,203,794	9,817,599
Restricted	701,009	479,069	803,133	903,461	1,504,142	1,382,530
Unrestricted	1,850,949	1,802,005	842,317	868,791	2,693,266	2,670,796
Total net position	\$ 7,633,250	\$ 6,945,251	\$ 6,767,952	\$ 6,925,674	\$14,401,202	\$13,870,925

An additional portion of the City of Crescent City, Florida's net position (10 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted* net position (\$2,693,266) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Crescent City, Florida is able to report positive balances in three categories of net position for the government as a whole and three categories for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Crescent City, Florida's net position by \$687,999. In reviewing and comparing expense, to the best of our knowledge, this change in net position is due to the judicious use of funds for the day-to-day operations of the city as well as the following:

- Capital assets still growing through grant funded infrastructure improvements;
- Discretionary sales tax revenue exceeding budgeted expectations;
- Budgeted items from the Discretionary Sales Tax Revenue re: Park improvements were minor and the City Hall renovations were put on hold for a better assessment of needed improvements which lead to an increase in the net position of the restricted discretionary tax; and
- Budgeted items from the Community Redevelopment re: re-landscape HWY 17 is on hold until FY 2021, this lead to an increase in the net position for community redevelopment revenue due to expenditures not exceeding revenues.

(Continued)

City of Crescent City, Florida's Condensed Statement of Activities

	Government	al A	ctivities]	Business-ty	pe A	Activities	To		
	2020		2019		2020		2019	2020		2019
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 86,595	\$	87,501	\$	1,432,026	\$	1,464,014	\$ 1,518,621	\$	1,551,515
Operating grants and contributions	34,056		45,506		-		-	34,056		45,506
Capital grants and contributions	624,449		782,941		4,190		108,706	628,639		891,647
General revenues:										
Taxes	1,311,015		1,229,835		-		-	1,311,015		1,229,835
Other state-shared	82,479		81,782		-		-	82,479		81,782
Other	9,973		18,996		10,754		16,050	20,727		35,046
Total revenues	2,148,567		2,246,561		1,446,970		1,588,770	3,595,537		3,835,331
Expenses:										
General government	369,476		400,858		-		-	369,476		400,858
Public safety	678,905		583,177		-		-	678,905		583,177
Transportation	245,499		220,399		-		-	245,499		220,399
Parks and recreation	135,161		142,988		-		-	135,161		142,988
Community redevelopment	31,527		29,467		-		-	31,527		29,467
Gas	-		-		594,832		580,596	594,832		580,596
Water and sewer	-		-		1,009,860		957,153	1,009,860		957,153
Total expenses	1,460,568		1,376,889		1,604,692		1,537,749	3,065,260		2,914,638
Increase (decrease) in Net position before transfers	687,999		869,672		(157,722)		51,021	530,277		920,693
Transfers	 -		-		-		-	-		-
Increase (decrease) in Net position	687,999		869,672		(157,722)		51,021	530,277		920,693
Net position, beginning of year	 6,945,251		6,075,579		6,925,674		6,874,653	13,870,925		12,950,232
Net position, end of year	\$ 7,633,250	\$	6,945,251	\$	6,767,952	\$	6,925,674	\$ 14,401,202	\$	13,870,925

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City of Crescent City, Florida's net position by \$157,722. This decrease was caused in part by the Public Service Commission requiring the City to remove trees from the gas right of way and dig a deeper bore for the gas line for safety purposes. Also, the water department was required to do a major repair to their chlorination system and a repair to the water tower due to vandalism. These were non-reoccurring expenditures.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Crescent City, Florida uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Crescent City, Florida's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Crescent City, Florida's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

(Continued)

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Crescent City, Florida. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance and total fund of the general fund was \$1,438,123. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 95 percent of total general fund expenditures, excluding capital outlay.

A discretionary sales tax of 1% was in place during fiscal year 2020 also known as "Better Place Plan" and is being used to improve the City's infrastructure. The following future projects are being discussed to be included in the city capital improvement plan for this funding source; improvements to the water and sewer departments infrastructure, renovation to the city hall, fire department and the prior police station buildings.

The City has a Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) fund that will be used for special projects such as landscaping and street improvements and other infrastructure improvements.

Variations occurred during the fiscal year between the general fund original and final budget and between the final budget and the actual revenue and expenses within the general fund. Factors effecting these variations included personnel turn over and the ability of the city to provide adequate staffing levels resulting in over time. There was also an increase in auto, property and liability insurance due to claims.

The fund balance of the City of Crescent City, Florida's general fund increased by \$134,041 during the 2019/2020 fiscal year due to the decrease in expenses over revenues, and the close out of the CDBG Bay Lane paving and Harry Banks Park Improvements.

Proprietary fund. The City of Crescent City, Florida's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Gas fund at the end of the year amounted to \$130,797. The decrease in net position for the Gas fund was \$90,744. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer fund at the end of the year amounted to \$711,520. The decrease in net position for the Water and Sewer fund was \$66,978. This decrease in net position resulted from the increase in cost for maintenance and repair of equipment and increased cost for salary over time.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Crescent City, Florida's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$12,108,431 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure and other improvements, equipment and construction in process. The total increase in the City of Crescent City, Florida's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$310,082.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Bay Lane/ Harry Banks Park Improvements
- Central Avenue paving and Improvement

(Continued)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
	2020		2019		2020		2019	2020		2019	
Land	\$ 469,876	\$	469,876	\$	238,868	\$	238,868	\$ 708,744	\$	708,744	
Buildings and improvements	1,041,085		1,041,085		2,589,852		2,589,852	3,630,937		3,630,937	
Infrastructure and other improvements	5,275,241		4,709,541		10,115,175		10,026,769	15,390,416		14,736,310	
Equipment	1,348,185		1,315,909		1,258,340		1,211,141	2,606,525		2,527,050	
Construction in progress	181,473		117,073		1,638,151		1,638,151	1,819,624		1,755,224	
Accumulated depreciation	 (3,234,568)		(2,989,307)		(8,813,247)		(8,570,609)	(12,047,815)		(11,559,916)	
Total	\$ 5,081,292	\$	4,664,177	\$	7,027,139	\$	7,134,172	\$ 12,108,431	\$	11,798,349	

Additional information on the City of Crescent City, Florida's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on page 28 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Crescent City, Florida had total bonded debt outstanding of \$1,754,910. This debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

City of Crescent City, Florida's Outstanding Debt Loan Payable and Revenue Bonds

	Gov	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
	20	20		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Loan payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	149,727	\$	145,537	\$	149,727	\$	145,537
Revenue bonds		-		-		1,754,910		1,835,213		1,754,910		1,835,213
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,904,637	\$	1,980,750	\$	1,904,637	\$	1,980,750

Additional information on the City of Crescent City, Florida's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on page 29 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Many factors are considered each year by the City Commission in its efforts to establish an operating budget, to evaluate its personnel needs, and to develop fees that are reasonable for its citizens. Some of the major factors considered in this process are the local economy, civilian labor force, unemployment rates, and inflation rates. Additional economic factors forecasted for FY2021 include:

- Modest increases in property tax revenue due to improving property tax values
- Additional increases in net assets with minimal impact to the general fund balance as we complete or seek to complete significant grant funded projects such as:
 - o Paving improvements to Central Avenue;
- Increase CRA revenue due to increased property values.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Crescent City, Florida's budget for the 2020/2021 fiscal year.

(Continued)

The City has sought out consulting services to determine the best use to redevelopment of the city owned "Market Square" property at the southeast corner of Summit Street and Central Avenue, with the initial focus being a hotel/retail development, with no official plans for its development at this time. Crescent City continues to pursue economic improvement into FY2021 with continued pursuit of a true high speed broadband solution for its businesses and residents. The City has plans to seek out a CRA Coordinator to oversee the future CRA projects.

For fiscal year 2021 the city eliminated it's police department and contracted with Putnam County's Sherriff's Department to provide law enforcement services. It is anticipated that the result will be a savings to the general fund.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Crescent City, Florida's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to City's Finance Department, Crescent City, Florida.

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Governme Activiti		Business-t Activitie			Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,338	986	\$ 784.	,245	\$	2,123,231
Receivables, net		,316		466	Ψ	339,782
Internal balances		,800	(185,			337,762
Due from other governments		,814	(105)	-		63,814
Inventories	03	-	67	,346		67,346
Prepaids	15	,659		,480		21,139
Net pension asset		,913	5,	-		412,913
Restricted assets:	712	,,,13				412,713
Cash and cash equivalents	658	.761	987.	912		1,646,673
Capital assets:	020	,,,,,	, , ,	,,,,,		1,0.0,075
Land	469	,876	238.	868		708,744
Buildings and improvements	1,041		2,589.			3,630,937
Infrastructure and other improvements	5,275	,	10,115			15,390,416
Equipment	1,348		1,258			2,606,525
Construction in progress		,473	1,638			1,819,624
Accumulated depreciation	(3,234		(8,813		((12,047,815)
Total assets	7,807		8,975.			16,783,329
Total assets	7,007	,541	0,773	,700		10,765,527
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	105	,469		-		105,469
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	19	,223	44.	,096		63,319
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	59	,786		_		59,786
Customer deposits		<i>-</i>	179.	.183		179,183
Accrued interest payable		_		596		5,596
Noncurrent liabilities:						,
Due within one year:						
Bonds and notes payable		-	83.	,087		83,087
Compensated absences	10	,324		,155		20,479
Loan payable		_	149.			149,727
Due in more than one year:						,
Bonds and notes payable		_	1,671	.823		1,671,823
Compensated absences	30	,972		466		61,438
Total OPEB liability		,482		,703		125,185
Total liabilities	211	,787	2,207			2,419,623
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions	67	,973		_		67,973
		<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	5,081	,292	5,122	,502		10,203,794
Restricted for:						
Discretionary tax - infrastructure		,275		-		504,275
Community redevelopment		,042		-		173,042
Impact fees		,202	48,	,994		54,196
Police	18	,490		-		18,490
Debt service		-	67.	,225		67,225
Renewal and replacement		-		,914		686,914
Unrestricted	1,850			,317		2,693,266
Total net position	\$ 7,633	,250	\$ 6,767	,952	\$	14,401,202

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Changes in Net Position** Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental **Business-type** Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Governmental activities: \$ General government \$ 369,476 40,463 5,000 \$ (324,013)\$ (324,013)Public safety 678,905 28,736 624,449 (25,720)(25,720)Transportation 245,499 17,396 29,056 (199,047)(199,047)Parks and recreation 135,161 (135,161)(135,161)Community redevelopment 31,527 (31,527)(31,527)Total governmental activities 1,460,568 86,595 34,056 624,449 (715,468)(715,468)Business-type activities: 594,832 499,554 4,190 (91,088)(91,088)Gas Water and wastewater 1,009,860 932,472 (77,388)(77,388)1,604,692 1,432,026 4,190 (168,476)Total business-type activities (168,476)Total primary government 3,065,260 1,518,621 \$ 34,056 628,639 (715,468)(168,476)(883,944)General revenues: Property taxes 640,948 640,948 Sales and use taxes 302,807 302,807 Franchise fees 124,632 124,632 242,628 Public service utility taxes 242,628 State revenue sharing 82,479 82,479 Investment earnings 7,598 9,100 16,698 Miscellaneous revenues 2,375 1,654 4,029 Total general revenues and transfers 1,403,467 10,754 1,414,221 Change in net position 687,999 (157,722)530,277 6,945,251 6,925,674 13,870,925 Net position - beginning Net position - ending 6,767,952 7,633,250 14,401,202

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General	•		Community Redevelopment Nonmajor Agency Voluntary Fire			Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,362,678	\$	461,984	\$	173,085	\$	-	\$	1,997,747
Receivables, net	50,316		-		-		-		50,316
Due from other governments	35,773		28,041		-		-		63,814
Due from other funds	185,800		14,250		-		-		200,050
Prepaid items	15,659		-		-		-		15,659
Total assets	\$ 1,650,226	\$	504,275	\$	173,085	\$	-	\$	2,327,586
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$ 19,180	\$	-	\$	43	\$	-	\$	19,223
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	59,786		-		-		-		59,786
Due to other funds	14,250		-		-		-		14,250
Total liabilities	93,216		-		43		-		93,259
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items	15,659		-		-		-		15,659
Restricted for:									
Discretionary tax - infrastructure	-		504,275		-		-		504,275
Community redevelopment	-		-		173,042		-		173,042
Impact fees	5,202		-		-		-		5,202
Police	18,490		-		-		-		18,490
Assigned to:									
Subsequent year's budget	79,536		-		-		-		79,536
Unassigned	1,438,123		-		-		-		1,438,123
Total fund balances	1,557,010		504,275		173,042		-		2,234,327
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,650,226	\$	504,275	\$	173,085	\$	-	\$	2,327,586

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 2,234,327
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Total governmental capital assets	8,315,860	5.001.002
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,234,568)	5,081,292
On the governmental fund statements, a net pension liability/asset is not recorded until an amount is due and payable and the pension plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the statement of net position, the City's net pension liability/asset of the defined benefit pension plans is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions are also reported. Net pension asset	412,913	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	105,469	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(67,973)	450,409
On the governmental fund statements, an OPEB liability is not recorded unless an amount is due and payable (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the Statement of Net Position, the City's OPEB liability is reported as a noncurrent liability. Additionally, deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to OPEB are also reported.		
Total OPEB liability		(91,482)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of the following:		(41.206)
Compensated absences		(41,296)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,633,250

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	General	Discretionary Tax		Community Redevelopment Agency		Nonmajor Voluntary Fire		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues	Φ 1.071.001	Ф	1.40.675	Ф	50.705	Ф		Ф	1 250 251
Taxes	\$ 1,051,891	\$	148,675	\$	58,785	\$	-	\$	1,259,351
Licenses and permits	13,185		-		-		-		13,185
Intergovernmental	824,792		-		-		-		824,792
Charges for services	474,842		-		-		-		474,842
Fines and forfeitures	4,531		-		-		-		4,531
Investment gain (loss)	7,050		388		147		13		7,598
Miscellaneous	28,608		-						28,608
Total revenues	2,404,899		149,063		58,932		13		2,612,907
Expenditures Current:									
General government	666,921		6,700		-		-		673,621
Public safety	567,563		-		-		10,077		577,640
Transportation	226,970		-		-		-		226,970
Parks and recreation	49,961		-		-		-		49,961
Community redevelopment	-		-		31,527		-		31,527
Capital outlay	699,605		-		-		-		699,605
Total expenditures	2,211,020		6,700		31,527		10,077		2,259,324
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures	193,879		142,363		27,405		(10,064)		353,583
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in	_		7,200		52,638		_		59,838
Transfers out	(59,838)		-		-		-		(59,838)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(59,838)		7,200		52,638		-		-
Net change in fund balances	134,041		149,563		80,043		(10,064)		353,583
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,422,969		354,712		92,999		10,064		1,880,744
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,557,010	\$	504,275	\$	173,042	\$	-	\$	2,234,327

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on sale/disposal of capital assets is reported. However, in governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold/disposed. Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are deferred inflow and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions Change in total OPEB liability (17,822 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 353,583
activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense (250,106 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on sale/disposal of capital assets is reported. However, in governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold/disposed. (32,384 Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are deferred inflow and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in net pension liability and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in total OPEB liability Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of	Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are:	
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense Capital outlay expenditures Capital outlay expenditures Occupancy In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on sale/disposal of capital assets is reported. However, in governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold/disposed. Covernmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are deferred inflow and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions Change in total OPEB liability Change in total OPEB liability Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of		
Depreciation expense (250,106 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on sale/disposal of capital assets is reported. However, in governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold/disposed. (32,384 Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are deferred inflow and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions (54,832 Change in total OPEB liability) (17,822 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of		600 605
However, in governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold/disposed. Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are deferred inflow and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions (54,832 Change in total OPEB liability Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of	1 7 1	(250,106)
Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold/disposed. Governmental funds report contributions to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are deferred inflow and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions (54,832 Change in total OPEB liability (17,822 Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of		
However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are deferred inflow and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions (54,832 Change in total OPEB liability (17,822) Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of	Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of	(32,384)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of	However, in the statement of activities, the amount contributed to defined benefit pension/OPEB plans reduces future net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Also included in pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities are deferred inflow and deferred outflow amounts required to be amortized. Change in net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows related to pensions	(54,832)
	Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. These adjustments are as follows:	(17,822) (10,045)
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 687,999	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 687,999

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Gas	Sewer	Total	
AGGERRG				
ASSETS Comment assets				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,923	\$ 773,322	\$ 784,245	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	297,457	690,455	987,912	
Accounts receivable, net	181,926	107,540	289,466	
Inventories	46,571	20,775	67,346	
Prepaid items	3,131	2,349	5,480	
Due from other funds	23,381	28,145	51,526	
Total current assets	563,389	1,622,586	2,185,975	
Total Current assets	303,369	1,022,380	2,165,975	
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land	37,720	201,148	238,868	
Buildings and improvements	58,500	2,531,352	2,589,852	
Infrastructure	2,883,556	7,231,619	10,115,175	
Equipment	320,666	937,674	1,258,340	
Construction in progress	1,638,151	-	1,638,151	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,991,449)	(6,821,798)	(8,813,247)	
Total noncurrent assets	2,947,144	4,079,995	7,027,139	
Total assets	3,510,533	5,702,581	9,213,114	
I IADII IDIEC				
LIABILITIES Comment liabilities				
Current liabilities:	25.541	10 555	44.006	
Accounts payable	25,541	18,555	44,096	
Deposits Deposits	87,855	91,328	179,183	
Due to other funds	68,151	169,175	237,326	
Compensated absences	5,546	4,609	10,155	
Loan payable	149,727	-	149,727	
Payable from restricted assets:	26 200	56 707	92.097	
Revenue bonds payable, current	26,300	56,787	83,087	
Accrued interest payable	2,647	2,949	5,596	
Total current liabilities	365,767	343,403	709,170	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Revenue bonds payable	595,600	1,076,223	1,671,823	
Compensated absences	16,638	13,828	30,466	
Total OPEB liability	19,259	14,444	33,703	
Total noncurrent liabilities	631,497	1,104,495	1,735,992	
Total liabilities	997,264	1,447,898	2,445,162	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,175,517	2,946,985	5,122,502	
Restricted for:	2,173,317	2,740,763	3,122,302	
Debt service	62,762	4,463	67,225	
Renewal and replacement	144,193	542,721	686,914	
Impact fees	177,173	48,994	48,994	
Unrestricted	130,797	711,520	842,317	
Total net position	A	\$ 4,254,683	\$ 6,767,952	
Total net position	\$ 2,513,269	Ψ +,234,003	φ 0,707,932	

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Gas		Water and Sewer		Total
Operating revenues	_		_		_	
Charges for services	\$	499,554	\$	932,472	\$	1,432,026
Operating expenses						
Personal services		199,158		166,767		365,925
Contractual services		10,721		127,381		138,102
Repairs and maintenance		26,684		69,012		95,696
Supplies		150,723		80,472		231,195
Utilities		-		37,486		37,486
Other expenses		116,801		306,061		422,862
Depreciation		54,429		189,219		243,648
Total operating expenses		558,516		976,398		1,534,914
Operating income (loss)		(58,962)		(43,926)		(102,888)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Interest earnings		290		8,810		9,100
Other income (expense)		54		1,600		1,654
Interest and amortization expense		(36,316)		(33,462)		(69,778)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(35,972)		(23,052)		(59,024)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(94,934)		(66,978)		(161,912)
Capital grants		4,190		-		4,190
Change in net position		(90,744)		(66,978)		(157,722)
Net position, beginning of year		2,604,013		4,321,661		6,925,674
Net position, end of year	\$	2,513,269	\$	4,254,683	\$	6,767,952

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	,120) ,805)
Cash received from customers \$ 510,313 \$ 925,765 \$ 1,436 Cash paid to employees (187,884) (155,236) (343	,120) ,805)
Other receipts (payments) 54 1,600 1	,654 ,807
	,007
	,615)
Principal payments of long-term debt (25,100) (55,203) (80	,190 ,303)
Interest paid (32,126) (33,462) (65 Net cash provided by (used in) capital	,588)
and related financing activities (142,277) (136,039) (278	,316)
Cash flows from investing activities	
Interest received 290 8,810 9	,100
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 290 8,810	,100
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (124,878) 9,469 (115	,409)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 433,258 1,454,308 1,887	,566
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 308,380 \$ 1,463,777 \$ 1,772	,157
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: (58,962) \$ (43,926) \$ (102)	,888)
	,648
Other income (expense) 54 1,600 1 Changes in assets and liabilities:	,654
Accounts receivable 10,077 (9,466)	611
	,668)
	,796)
	,441
	,239
	,566 807
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$\\\ 17,109 \\\ \\$ 136,698 \\\ \\$ 153	,807
Cash and cash equivalents classified as:	
	,245 ,912
Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 308,380 \$ 1,463,777 \$ 1,772	

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Municipal Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund	Municipal Firemen's Pension Trust Fund	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents with trustee	\$ 23,664	\$ 8,479	\$ 32,143
Receivables			
Employee contributions receivable	-	108	108
Total receivables	-	108	108
Investments, at fair value			
Mutual funds - fixed income	346,283	222,203	568,486
Mutual funds - equity	755,652	469,586	1,225,238
Total investments	1,101,935	691,789	1,793,724
Total assets	1,125,599	700,376	1,825,975
NET POSITION			
Restricted for pensions	\$ 1,125,599	\$ 700,376	\$ 1,825,975

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Police Officers' Fireme Pension Pension Trust Trus		funicipal iremen's Pension Trust Fund	Total		
Additions						
Contributions:						
Plan members	\$	15,623	\$	2,341	\$	17,964
State - insurance premium taxes		18,233		5,272		23,505
Total contributions		33,856		7,613		41,469
Investment earnings:						
Interest and dividends		37,993		27,914		65,907
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		76,088		44,434		120,522
Total investment earnings		114,081		72,348		186,429
Less: investment expense		(24,679)		(6,993)		(31,672)
Net investment income (loss)		89,402		65,355		154,757
Total additions		123,258	_	72,968		196,226
Deductions						
Benefit payments		55,288		11,370		66,658
Administrative expenses		975		875		1,850
Total deductions		56,263		12,245		68,508
Change in net position		66,995		60,723		127,718
Net position, beginning of year		1,058,604		639,653		1,698,257
Net position, end of year	\$	1,125,599	\$	700,376	\$	1,825,975

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The financial statements of the City of Crescent City, Florida (the City), have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**—The City of Crescent City, Florida, established under Chapter 57-1244, House Bill 1672, of the State of Florida. The legislative branch of the City is composed of an elected five (5) member City Commission. All required by generally accepted accounting principles, the accompanying financial statements present the City as a primary government. Component units, if any, would also be presented.

Component units are organizations for which the City as the primary government is financially accountable. To be considered financially accountable, the organization must be fiscally dependent on the City or the City must appoint a majority of the board of the organization and either 1) be able to impose its will on the organization or 2) the relationship must have the potential for creating a financial benefit or imposing a financial burden of the City.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the applicable funds controlled by or dependent on the City. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the entity may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be included within the City's financial statements.

- (b) **Blended component units**—Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the City's operations, and as a result, considered to be financially accountable. The Community Redevelopment Agency Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the revenues of the redevelopment tax district. The Community Redevelopment Agency oversees operations of the taxing district. The Agency was organized under Ordinance No. 9504 of the City of Crescent City, Florida on November 9, 1995. The Agency's board is comprised of the City Commission. The Agency met the conditions described above.
- (c) Government-wide and fund financial statements—The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis and are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long term assets and receivables as well as long term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net costs per functional category (public safety, transportation, etc.), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by the related program revenues, operating and capital grants. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The net cost (by function or business-type activity) is normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or gas taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements emphasize the major funds in either the governmental or business-type categories. Non-major funds (by category) are summarized into a single column, if any.

The governmental funds' major fund statements in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to demonstrate legal compliance and demonstrate how the City's actual experience conforms to the budgeted fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following the Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet and the Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

The City's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension). Since, by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund City activities has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

(d) Measurement focus and basis of accounting—The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Taxes, intergovernmental revenue, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

(e) **Financial statement presentation**—The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB Codification sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The City has one non-major fund, the Voluntary Fire Fund.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the principal fund of the City, which accounts for all transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City are financed through revenues received by the General Fund.

The *Special Revenue Major Funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or capital projects), which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities of the City. These funds include the Community Redevelopment Agency Fund to finance the CRA and the Discretionary Tax Fund to finance improvements to the City's infrastructure.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water and Sewer Fund* was established to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the provision of water, sewer services to the business and residents of the City.

The *Gas Fund* was established to account for revenues and expenses associated with providing gas services to the area.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the Municipal Police Officers Pension Plan and the Municipal Firemen's Pension Plan.

(f) **Use of estimates**—Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (g) **Budgets and budgetary accounting**—Annual budgets for all governmental and proprietary funds were adopted in compliance with Florida law. The basis on which the budgets are prepared is consistent with the basis of accounting utilized by the various fund types. The governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds' budgets are prepared on a full accrual basis of accounting. The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:
 - i. Prior to the first day of the new fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Commission a budget for the ensuing fiscal year.
 - ii. Budget workshop sessions are scheduled by the City Manager and City Commission as needed.
 - iii. The general summary of the budget and notice of public hearing is published in the local newspaper.
 - iv. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
 - v. Prior to October 1, the budgets are legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
 - vi. The City Commission, by ordinance, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of revenues in excess of those estimated.
 - vii. The level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the fund level.
 - viii. Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent they have not been expended. Reserved and designated fund balances are re-budgeted in the year of planned expenditure.
 - ix. Budget for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The governmental funds have legally adopted annual budgets contained within a separate document.
- (h) **Deposits and investments**—Cash consists of amounts held in demand deposits. Cash equivalents consist of short term investments having a maturity date of less than three months from the date acquired. Investments are reported at fair value.
- (i) **Receivables and payables**—Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of historical trends. Utility operating sales are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. Unbilled accounts receivable are accrued by the City at year-end to recognize the sales revenues earned through the end of the fiscal year.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(j) Capital assets—Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets. The terms general capital assets and general infrastructure assets relate only to the assets associated with governmental activities, whereas the terms capital assets and infrastructure assets relate to all such assets belonging to the City.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are only capitalized if they meet the dollar threshold above for capitalization. Maintenance and repairs of capital assets are charged to operating expenses. Donated assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation is reported for the primary government using the straight-line method calculated on a service-life basis to amortize the cost of the asset over their estimated economic useful lives, which are as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Equipment	20 – 40 years 10 – 30 years 20 – 40 years 3 – 30 years

(k) **Compensated absences**—It is the City's policy to grant employees vacation leave based upon the number of years of employment with the City. Vacation leave may be used as time off during the year. Full-time employees can accrue up to 480 hours of vacation leave to the subsequent year. Upon termination, employees receive a cash payment equal to 1/2 of the approved days carried over, based upon the applicable employee's current wage rate.

Sick leave is accumulated at a rate of 1.5 hours per week (480 hours maximum) per full-time employee and can be accumulated, but used only for illness.

The portion of employee's payroll costs paid subsequent to year-end attributable to services performed prior to year-end accumulated unpaid vacation, sick leave, and personal leave is recorded and recognized as current liabilities. The remainder of the liability for compensated absences payable beyond the current period is recorded as a long-term liability.

(l) **Long-term obligations**—In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (m) **Net position flow assumption**—Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.
- (n) **Fund equity**—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (i.e. when the government assesses, levies, charges, or otherwise mandates payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed - Fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance of the City Commission are reported as committed fund balance. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned - Fund balance amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance, except for stabilization arrangements.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

For spendable resources, is the City's policy to use its resources in the following order as needed to fund expenses: restricted, committed, assigned, unrestricted.

(o) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item, deferred outflows related to pensions, which qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred outflows related to pensions are discussed further in Note (9).

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:** (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item, deferred inflows related to pensions, which qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred inflows related to pensions are discussed further in Note (9).

(p) **Implementation of new accounting standards**—At September 30, 2020 and for the year then ended, the City has not implemented any significant new standards.

(2) Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statement:

- (a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.
- (b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(3) **Property Tax Calendar:**

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the State regulating tax assessment are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The tax levy of the City is established by the City Commission prior to October 1 of each year and the Putnam County Property Appraiser incorporates the millages into the total tax levy, which includes the County, the School Board and other applicable taxing districts. The millage rate assessed by the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, was 8.5914 per \$1,000.

All property is reassessed by the County Property Appraiser according to its fair market value as of January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the State Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of state statutes.

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January, and I %in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount. All unpaid taxes on real and tangible personal property become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year in which the taxes were billed. Procedures for the collection of delinquent taxes are the responsibility of the county and are subject to Florida Law.

(3) **Property Tax Calendar:** (Continued)

Property tax revenues are recognized when levied in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. Delinquent taxes receivable that are measurable, but not available as of the end of the fiscal year are reflected as deferred inflows, if material.

(4) **Deposits and Investments:**

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All of the bank balance is covered by Federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's custodial banks, which is pledged to a state trust fund that provides security for amounts held in excess of FDIC coverage in accordance with the Florida Security for Deposits Act Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

The Florida Security for Public Deposits Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral.

The City has no investments as of September 30, 2020. See Note (9) for Fiduciary Funds.

(5) Accounts Receivable:

The City's accounts receivables consist of the following at September 30, 2020:

Gross Receivable			Doubtful	Net Receivable	
\$	50,316	\$	_	\$	50,316
	50,316		-		50,316
	227,926		(46,000)		181,926
	152,540		(45,000)		107,540
	380,466		(91,000)		289,466
\$	430,782	\$	(91,000)	\$	339,782
	Re	\$ 50,316 50,316 227,926 152,540 380,466	Solution Gross For A	Receivable Accounts \$ 50,316 \$ - 50,316 - 227,926 (46,000) 152,540 (45,000) 380,466 (91,000)	Gross Receivable for Doubtful Accounts Receivable \$ 50,316 \$ - \$ 50,316 - \$ 227,926 (46,000) (45,000) 152,540 (45,000) (91,000)

In addition to accounts receivable, the City also recorded \$63,814 in due from other governments at September 30, 2020.

(6) **Capital Assets:**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		<u>D</u>	ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated -								
Land	\$	469,876	\$	-	\$	-	\$	469,876
Construction in progress		117,073		64,400				181,473
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		586,949		64,400				651,349
Capital assets, being depreciated –								
Buildings and improvements		1,041,085		-		-		1,041,085
Equipment		1,315,909		69,505		(37,229)		1,348,185
Infrastructure		912,597		560,000		-		1,472,597
Improvements other than building		3,796,944		5,700		(27.220)		3,802,644
Total capital assets, being depreciated		7,066,535		635,205		(37,229)		7,664,511
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,989,307)		(250,106)		4,845		(3,234,568)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	Φ.	4,077,228	Φ.	385,099	Φ.	(32,384)	Φ.	4,429,943
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	4,664,177	\$	449,499	\$	(32,384)	\$	5,081,292
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated –								
Land	\$	238,868	\$	-	\$	-	\$	238,868
Construction in progress		1,638,151		-		-		1,638,151
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,877,019		_		_		1,877,019
Capital assets, being depreciated –				-		-		
Buildings and improvements		2,589,852		_		-		2,589,852
Equipment		1,211,141		48,209		(1,010)		1,258,340
Infrastructure		10,002,485		-		-		10,002,485
Improvements other than building		24,284		88,406				112,690
Total capital assets, being depreciated		13,827,762		136,615		(1,010)		13,963,367
Less: accumulated depreciation		(8,570,609)		(243,648)		1,010		(8,813,247)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		5,257,153		(107,033)		-		5,150,120
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	7,134,172	\$	(107,033)	\$		\$	7,027,139

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General governmental	\$ 101,963
Community development	47,460
Public safety	15,483
Parks and recreation	85,200
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 250,106
Business-type activities:	
Gas	\$ 54,429
Water and sewer	189,219
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 243,648

(7) **Long-Term Debt:**

A summary of the long-term liability transactions for the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, is as follows:

	 Beginning Balance Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities: Compensated absences Governmental activities –	\$ 31,251	\$	10,045	\$		\$	41,296	\$	10,324
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 31,251	\$	10,045	\$	-	\$	41,296	\$	10,324
Business-type activities: Bonds payable Loan payable Compassated absences	\$ 1,835,213 145,537 24,382	\$	4,190 16,239	\$	(80,303)	\$	1,754,910 149,727 40,621	\$	83,087 149,727 10,155
Business-type activities – Total long-term liabilities	\$ 2,005,132	\$	20,429	\$	(80,303)	\$	1,945,258	\$	242,969

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		Business-Ty			
September 30,	Principal		 Interest		Total
2021	\$	83,087	\$ 62,769	\$	145,856
2022		86,115	59,833		145,948
2023		89,194	56,781		145,975
2024		92,319	53,611		145,930
2025		95,593	50,322		145,915
2026-2030		532,116	197,669		729,785
2031-2035		635,170	94,140		729,310
2036		141,316	4,566		145,882
Total	\$	1,754,910	\$ 579,691	\$	2,334,601

Bonds and loan payables in the City's business-type activities at September 30, 2020, are comprised of the following obligations:

Gas System Revenue Bonds series 1997A and 1997B, in the original amounts of \$700,000 and \$270,000, respectively, where the City pledges income derived from the constructed assets to pay debt service. Principal and interest is paid annually on September 1, and carry interest at 5% for series 1997A and 4.875% for series 1997B. Bonds mature in 2036.	\$ 621,900
Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds series 2017, in the original amount of \$1,294,041, where the City pledges income derived from the constructed assets to pay debt service. Principal and interest is paid semiannually on March 1 and September 1 and carry interest at 2.85%. Bonds mature in 2036.	1,133,010
Loan Payable to Florida Gas Utility in relation to the City's Gas Line Relocation Project. The aggregate of total advances not to exceed \$1,586,500. Principal and interest is paid upon payment by FDOT to the City and carry interest at 2 days prior to EOM Libor + 2.5%. Total interest as of September 30, 2020 is \$19,660. The loan payable matures upon receipt of grant proceeds from the FDOT.	149,727
Total long-term debt, business-type activities	\$ 1,904,637

(8) Interfund Loans, Advances, Fees and Transfers:

The outstanding balances between funds are short-term loans to cover short-term cash flow needs and expected to be repaid in full over the course of the next fiscal year. Individual fund interfund receivables and payables for the primary government at September 30, 2020, are comprised of the following:

	Due From Other Funds		Due to Other Funds	
Government Activities:				
General Fund				
Gas Fund	\$	40,006	\$	-
Water and Sewer Fund		145,794		_
Discretionary Tax Fund		-		14,250
Discretionary Tax Fund				
General Fund		14,250		-
		200,050		14,250
Business-Type Activities:		,		
Gas Fund				
General Fund		-		40,006
Water and Sewer Fund		23,381		28,145
Water and Sewer Fund				
Gas Fund		28,145		23,381
General Fund				145,794
		51,526		237,326
Total – All Funds	\$	251,576	\$	251,576

For the year ended September 30, 2020, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfer From		Transfer To	
Governmental Activities				
General Fund:				
CRA Fund	\$	-	\$	52,638
Discretionary Tax		-		7,200
Discretionary Tax				
General Fund		7,200		-
CRA Fund:				
General Fund		52,638		-
Totals – All Funds	\$	59,838	\$	59,838

The transfer from the General Fund to the CRA Fund represents the City's annual share of tax increment payments. The transfer from the General Fund to the Discretionary Fund represents payments for certain repairs and professional services.

(9) **Employees' Retirement Plans:**

The City sponsors and administers two retirement plans, which are accounted for in separate Pension Trust Funds.

A. General Employee's Pension Plan

The City provided pension benefits for all full time City personnel who had completed one year of employment and were at least 21 years of age through this defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The City was obligated under resolution #87-05 to contribute an amount equal to 5% of the employee's salary.

On May 1, 2000, the City passed a resolution amending and restating the then-existing plan. The current defined contribution plan is a money purchase plan qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. For each plan participant, the current plan established participant-directed investment accounts. Because of these changes, the City has minimal administrative responsibilities related to the plan and no longer has fiduciary accountability for assets in participant accounts. Therefore, those assets are not reported in the accompanying financial statements.

B. Fireman's and Police Officer's Plans:

Plan Description and Administration

The City maintains single-employer defined benefit pension plans for both eligible firemen and eligible police officers. The City of Crescent City Municipal Firemen's Pension Plan and the Municipal Police Officers' Pension Plan (the Plans), which are administered by the Plan's Board of Trustees (the Board) and cover all eligible firemen and police officers. The Board is comprised of 2 members appointed by the City Commission, 2 members elected by the plan members, and a fifth member as elected by the other four members. No stand-alone financial report is issued for the Plan.

Benefits Provided and Employees Covered

The Plans provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided to retirees and beneficiaries at the discretion of the City Commission. Benefits under the Fire Pension Plan vest after ten years of full-time employment; and benefits under the Police Pension Plan vest after 8 years. Current membership in the Plan was composed of the following at September 30, 2020:

	Fire	Police
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	1	4
Inactive plan members entitled to but		
not yet receiving benefits	2	2
Active participants	11_	6
Total current membership	14	12

(9) Employees' Retirement Plans: (Continued)

Employees in the Fire Pension Plan attaining the age of 55 and the completion of 10 years of credited service or attaining the age of 52 and the completion of 25 years of credited service are entitled to annual benefits of 3% of their average final compensation for each year of credited service. Employees in the Police Pension Plan attaining the age of 55 and the completion of 8 years of credited service or attaining the age of 52 and the completion of 25 years of credited service are entitled to annual benefits of 3% of their average final compensation for each year of credited service. Normal retirement benefits are payable for life and cease upon death with a guaranteed benefit period of 120 months. Employees attaining the age of 55 and the completion of the minimum years for credited service are eligible for early retirement at an accrued benefit rate this is reduced by 3% per year. In the line of duty disability benefits are equal to at least 42% of average final compensation. Non-service incurred disability benefits are only payable to participants with 10 or more years of credited service and are equal to minimum benefit of 25% of average final compensation.

Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The government's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the Plans.

Contributions

Legislature grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the City and active employees to the respective Boards of Trustees. The Boards establish rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the average active employee contribution was 5% of annual pay for Fire employees and 6% of annual pay for both police. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City was not required to contribute to the police officers and firefighters pension plans.

Contributions to the City's pension plans for the year ended September 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Police Plan		Fire Plan		Total	
Employee contributions	\$	15,623	\$	2,341	\$	17,964
City contributions		-		-		-
State contributions		18,233		5,272		23,505
Total contributions	\$	33,856	\$	7,613	\$	41,469

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Trustees by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the respective Board of Trustees to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except the liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of September 30, 2020:

(9) **Employees' Retirement Plans:** (Continued)

Asset Class	Police Target Allocation	Fire Target Allocation
Domestic equity	50%	50%
International equity	15%	15%
Broad market fixed income	30%	30%
Global fixed income	5%	5%
Total	100%	100%

Concentrations

The plans did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

Reserves

As of September 30, 2020, there are no amounts legally required to be reserved for the general, police and firefighter pension funds, respectively.

Investment Balances

The provision under Florida statutes limit investments to: investment in annuity and life insurance contracts of life insurance companies; time or savings accounts of a national bank, a state bank insured by the Bank Insurance Fund, or savings, building and loan association insured by the Savings Associations Insurance Fund which is administered by the Federal Deposit Insurance corporation or a state or federal chartered credit union with shares accounts insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund; Obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the government of the United States; Bonds issued by the State of Israel, Bonds, stocks, or other evidences of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States, any state or organized territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, provided that it meets the requirements of Chapter 185.06 (a) and (b) and Chapter 175.071 (a) and (b). The retirement funds measures it's investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by GASB No. 72. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At September 30, 2020, the City's pension plans had the following deposits and investments:

	Fair Value		Maturities (in years) Less Than 1		Fair Value Hierarchy Level	
Cash	\$	32,143	\$	32,143	N/A	
Mutual Funds – Fixed Income		568,486		568,486	1	
Mutual Funds – Equity		1,225,238		1,225,238	1	
Total Portfolio	\$	1,825,867	\$	1,825,867		

(9) Employees' Retirement Plans: (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the pension plans at September 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Police	Fire	Total
Total pension liability	\$ 971,348	\$ 441,714	\$ 1,413,062
Plan fiduciary net position	(1,125,599)	(700,376)	(1,825,975)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (154,251)	\$ (258,662)	\$ (412,913)
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of total pension liability	115.88%	159.74%	129.59%

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2018, and measurement date of September 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions to all measurement periods.

	Police	Fire
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	Service Based	5.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%	6.50%
Mortality table	RP-2000, Scale	RP-2000, Scale
J	BB	BB

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return				
Asset Class	Police	Fire			
Domestic equity International equity Broad market fixed income Global fixed income	7.50% 8.50% 2.50% 3.50%	7.50% 8.50% 2.50% 3.50%			

Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Police was 7.00% and 6.50% for and Fire Plan. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for each pension plan varied as discussed on the following pages. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(9) **Employees' Retirement Plans:** (Continued)

Changes in net pension liability:

Changes in each plan's net pension liability were as follows:

				Police		
		tal Pension Liability (a)		Plan duciary Net osition (b)	N	tet Pension Liability (Asset) (a – b)
Beginning Balance	\$	877,646	\$	1,058,605	\$	(180,959)
Changes for year: Service cost		54,790		-		54,790
Interest		63,335		-		63,335
Differences between expected/actual experience Changes of assumptions		44,553 (13,688)		-		44,553 (13,688)
Contributions – employer		(13,000)		_		(13,000)
Contributions – state		-		18,233		(18,233)
Contributions – employee		-		15,623		(15,623)
Net investment income		(55.200)		89,402		(89,402)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(55,288)		(55,288) (975)		- 975
Administrative expenses Net changes		93,702		66,995		26,707
	\$	971,348	\$	1,125,600	\$	(154,252)
Ending Balance	Ψ	771,310	Ψ	1,123,000	Ψ	(13 1,232)
]	tal Pension Liability (a)	Fic P	Fire duciary Net cosition (b)		let Pension Liability (Asset) (a – b)
Beginning Balance	\$	416,564	Ф	639,653	\$	(223,089)
Changes for year: Service cost Interest Differences between expected/actual experience		9,214 27,306		- -		9,214 27,306
Contributions – city and state		-		5,272		$(5,\overline{272})$
Contributions – employee		-		2,341		(2,341)
Net investment income		-		65,355		(65,355)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(11,370)		(11,370)		- 97 <i>5</i>
Administrative expenses		25 150		(875)		(25, 572)
Net changes	\$	25,150 441,714	\$	60,723 700,376	\$	(35,573) (258,662)
Ending Balance	Φ	441,/14	ψ	/00,5/0	Ф	(230,002)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the selected discount rates, as well as what the City's net pension asset (NPA) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

Plan	Current Discount Rate	NPA with 1% Decrease	NPA at Current Discount Rate	NPA with 1% Increase
Police Fire	7.00% 6.50%	\$ (34,546) (197,003)	\$ (154,251) (258,662)	\$ (253,055) (309,798)
Total		\$ (231,549)	\$ (412,913)	\$ (562,853)

(9) **Employees' Retirement Plans:** (Continued)

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the annual-money weighted rate of return on each pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was as follows:

	Police Plan	Fire Plan
Annual money-weighted rate of return	10.22%	9.91%

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$90,676 and \$(13,379) in the Police and Fire pension plans, respectively, for a total of \$77,297.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police Plan				Fire Plan								
	Deferred Outflows of Resources												ed Inflows of sources
Differences between expected and													
actual experience	\$	72,359	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,097					
Changes of assumptions		-		10,266		33,110		-					
Net different between projected and													
actual investment earnings		-		8,632		-		15,978					
_	\$	72,359	\$	18,898	\$	33,110	\$	49,075					

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions being amortized for a period of greater than one year will be recognized in pension expense in succeeding years as follows:

	Po	Police Plan		ire Plan
2021	\$	45,883	\$	(5,510)
2022		6,938		(2,248)
2023		6,938		(1,802)
2024		(6,298)		(5,467)
2025		· -		(767)
Thereafter		-		(171)

(10) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB):

Plan Description—The City of Crescent City, Florida, Post-Retirement Benefits Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer healthcare plan administered by the City. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit participation in the Plan to retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy—The City pays 100% of the active employees insurance and retirees can choose to remain on the City's policy into retirement if they pay the entire premium. The insurance carrier charges actives and retirees the same premium rates.

(10) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

Benefits Provided—The Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the City. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected, however, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. The older retirees actually have a higher cost which means the City is actually subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of the premium on behalf of the active employee, known as the "implicit rate subsidy."

Plan Membership—At September 30, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of the following:

Active Employees	26
Inactive Employees	0
	26

Total OPEB Liability—The City's total OPEB liability of \$125,185 was measured as of September 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation using the alternative measurement method for small plans as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs—The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.50%
Discount rate	2.14%
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.50%
	Ultimate rate reached in 2075 4.00%

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs

100.00%

The City does not have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of September 30, 2020.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for males and females with mortality improvement projected to the valuation date using Scale AA.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, changes in the total OPEB liability were as follows:

Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 100,797
Changes for a year:	
Service cost	10,017
Interest	3,874
Changes of assumptions	15,788
Benefit payments	 (5,291)
Net changes	24,388
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ 125,185

(10) Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 2.14%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current count Rate	1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	133,551	\$ 125,185	\$	109,391

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (6.50%-3.00%) or 1% higher (8.50%-5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (7.50%-4.00%):

	1%	Decrease	Current end Rates	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	107,906	\$ 125,185	\$	135,538	

OPEB Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$31,179.

(11) Risk Management:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

The City is engaged in routine litigation incidental to the conduct of its municipal affairs. In the opinion of the City's legal counsel, no legal proceedings are pending which would have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the City.

(12) Discretionary Tax:

The City receives funds from the additional one cent discretionary sales tax from Putnam County that was passed by referendum. The surtax is to be in effect until December 31, 2032, and to be used for roads, sidewalks, parks, improve drainage, resurface roads, improve land for public use, modernize libraries, build water/sewer systems, promote economic development, build or expand government buildings and community centers, improve law enforcement and fire protection systems and facilities, public transportation systems and waterfront assets and accessibility. The City accounts for this revenue source as a Special Revenue Fund.

(13) Commitments and Contingencies:

As of September 30, 2020, the City had the following commitments related to unfinished projects:

Project	emaining mmitment
Central Avenue improvements (FDOT SCOP Grant) Computer, equipment and system upgrades (JAG Grant)	\$ 680,495 11,000
	\$ 691,495

The City is engaged in routine litigation incidental to the conduct of its business and municipal affairs. In the opinion of its counsel, no legal proceedings are pending against them, not covered by insurance, which would inhibit the City's ability to perform its operations or materially affect its financial condition.

(14) Subsequent Events:

In March of 2021, the City entered into an agreement with the Putnam County Sheriff's Office (Sheriff's Office) to transfer the responsibility for fulfilling the law enforcement services obligation for the City for an annual sum of approximately \$99,000 paid out quarterly in four equal installments. The City has since transferred ownership of all equipment, vehicles and other related law enforcement property to the Sheriff's Office, and adopted Ordinance 2021-01 to abolish the City of Crescent City Police Department.

(15) Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for subsequent fiscal years that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the City's financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, in January 2017. GASB 84 improves guidance regarding the identification and reporting of fiduciary activities. The provisions in GASB 84 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.
- (b) GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in June 2017. GASB 87 aims to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The provisions in GASB 87 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.
- (c) GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, in May 2020. GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The provisions in GASB 96 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

(16) Risks and Uncertainties – COVID-19:

During the year ended September 30, 2020, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impact to the City as of May 18, 2021, management believes that a material impact on the entity's net position and results of future operations is reasonably possible.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,080,696	\$ 1,091,330	\$ 1,051,891	\$ (39,439)
Licenses and permits	9,000	9,000	13,185	4,185
Intergovernmental	1,489,952	1,610,202	824,792	(785,410)
Charges for services	475,584	475,584	474,842	(742)
Fines and forfeitures	6,900	6,900	4,531	(2,369)
Interest revenues	500	500	7,050	6,550
Miscellaneous	7,000	7,000	28,608	21,608
Total revenues	3,069,632	3,200,516	2,404,899	(795,617)
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government:				
Executive	57,727	57,727	49,040	8,687
Finance and administration	259,793	261,482	263,913	(2,431)
Legal	40,000	40,000	36,985	3,015
Utility billing expenditures	205,529	207,782	204,739	3,043
Planning and zoning	20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Other	615,200	109,800	112,244	(2,444)
Public safety:				
Fire	93,647	94,293	89,653	4,640
Police	535,891	540,247	477,910	62,337
Transportation	232,624	234,314	226,970	7,344
Parks and recreation	76,840	76,840	49,961	26,879
Capital outlay	873,376	1,499,026	699,605	799,421
Total expenditures	3,010,627	3,141,511	2,211,020	930,491
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	59,005	59,005	193,879	134,874
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	8,895	8,895	-	(8,895)
Transfers out	(67,900)	(67,900)	(59,838)	8,062
Total other financing sources (uses)	(59,005)	(59,005)	(59,838)	(833)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	134,041	134,041
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,422,969	1,422,969	1,422,969	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,422,969	\$ 1,422,969	\$ 1,557,010	\$ 134,041

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DISCRECTIONARY TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts			Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
		Original		Final	Actual		(N	legative)
REVENUES								<u> </u>
Taxes	\$	120,000	\$	120,000	\$	148,675	\$	28,675
Interest revenues		250		250		388		138
Total revenues		120,250		120,250		149,063		28,813
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government:								
Human resources		20,000		20,000		6,700		13,300
Capital outlay		107,450		107,450				107,450
Total expenditures		127,450		127,450		6,700		120,750
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(7,200)		(7,200)		142,363		149,563
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		7,200		7,200		7,200		-
Net change in fund balances	-	-		-		149,563		149,563
Fund balances, beginning of year		354,712		354,712		354,712		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	354,712	\$	354,712	\$	504,275	\$	149,563

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts			Fina	iance with Il Budget - Positive	
	(Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)		
REVENUES		-						<i>y</i> /	
Taxes	\$	67,650	\$	67,650	\$	58,785	\$	(8,865)	
Interest revenues		145		145		147		2	
Total revenues		67,795		67,795		58,932		(8,863)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Community redevelopment		128,495		128,495		31,527		96,968	
Total expenditures		128,495		128,495		31,527		96,968	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		(60,700)		(60,700)		27,405		88,105	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		60,700		60,700		52,638		(8,062)	
Net change in fund balances		-				80,043		80,043	
Fund balances, beginning of year		92,999		92,999		92,999		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	92,999	\$	92,999	\$	173,042	\$	80,043	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		2020	2019			
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	10,017	\$	9,055		
Interest		3,874		3,489		
Changes of assumptions		15,788		3,942		
Benefit payments		(5,291)		(4,922)		
Net change in total OPEB liability	<u>-</u>	24,388		11,564		
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		100,797		89,233		
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$	125,185	\$	100,797		
Covered payroll		924,453		901,905		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		13.54%		11.18%		
Measurement date	Septen	nber 30, 2020	Septer	mber 30, 2019		
Valuation date	Septen	nber 30, 2020	Septer	nber 30, 2019		
Discount rate		2.14%		3.58%		

^{*} GASB 75 requires information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for only those years for which information is available.

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 54,790	\$ 22,925			\$ 28,811
Interest	63,335	51,832			48,710
Difference between expected and actual experience	44,553	116,835			-
Changes of assumptions	(13,689)	-			27,016
Benefit payments including refunds of contributions	(55,287)	(62,953)			(45,150)
Net change in total pension liability	93,702	128,639	_		59,387
Total pension liability - beginning	877,646	749,007			689,620
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 971,348	\$ 877,646	N/A	N/A	\$ 749,007
Total Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$ -	\$ 71,951			\$ 20,972
Contributions - state	18,233	22,858			19,207
Contributions - employee	15,623	13,330			11,817
Net investment income	104,288	42,946			61,213
Benefit payments including refunds of contributions	(55,287)	(62,953)			(45,150)
Administrative expense	(15,863)	(975)			(9,975)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	66,994	87,157	_		58,084
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,058,605	971,448			820,725
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$1,125,599	\$1,058,605	N/A	N/A	\$ 878,809
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (154,251)	\$ (180,959)	N/A	N/A	\$ (129,802)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	115.88%	120.62%	N/A	N/A	117.33%
Covered payroll	\$ 260,388	\$ 222,175	N/A	N/A	\$ 236,340
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-59.24%	-81.45%	N/A	N/A	-54.92%
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	10.22%	4.58%	N/A	N/A	7.47%

N/A - The plan elected to not implement GASB 67 for the these years.

^{* 10} years of data will be presented as it becomes available

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL FIREMEN'S PENSION PLAN

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	2020		 2019		2018		2017		2016
Total Pension Liability									
Service Cost	\$	9,214	\$ 8,652	\$	7,691	\$	6,634	\$	6,200
Interest		27,306	25,817		24,865		20,841		19,177
Changes in benefit terms		_	-		66,899		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		-	(6,191)		(49,730)		-		-
Changes of assumptions		-	-		49,016		-		9,861
Benefit payments including refunds of contributions	(11,370)	(12,872)		(12,490)		(11,370)		(12,409)
Net change in total pension liability		25,150	15,406		88,269		16,105		22,829
Total pension liability - beginning	4	16,564	 401,158		312,889		296,784		273,955
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 4	41,714	\$ 416,564	\$	401,158	\$	312,889	\$	296,784
Total Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions - employer and state	\$	5,272	\$ 7,458	\$	7,816	\$	8,292	\$	19,922
Contributions - employee		2,341	2,277		2,306		2,430		2,369
Net investment income		65,329	27,721		39,819		53,253		36,692
Benefit payments including refunds of contributions	(11,370)	(12,873)		(12,490)		(11,370)		(12,409)
Administrative expense		(875)	 (875)		(875)		(2,875)		(7,385)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		60,697	23,708		36,576		49,730		39,189
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		39,679	 615,971		579,395		529,665		490,476
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 7	00,376	\$ 639,679	\$	615,971	\$	579,395	\$	529,665
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (2:	58,662)	\$ (223,115)	\$	(214,813)	\$	(266,506)	\$	(232,881)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	1:	58.56%	153.56%		153.55%		185.18%		178.47%
Covered payroll	\$	46,790	\$ 45,538	\$	46,120	\$	53,379	\$	47,380
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-5:	52.81%	-489.95%		-465.77%		-499.27%		-491.52%
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return		9.91%	4.44%		6.90%		10.10%		7.50%

^{* 10} years of data will be presented as it becomes available

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Section Sect			2020		2019	2018	2017		2016			
Control deficiency (excess) S 260,388 \$ 222,175 N/A N/A \$ 3.040 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 7.00% 24.60% N/A N/A \$ 236,340 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 7.00% 24.60% N/A N/A 17.00% Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are being reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Funding Method Salary Increases Interest Rate 7.00% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. None. Retirement Age 7.00% per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates 8 Service 0-2 Years 3-4 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 15.0% 5+ Years 15.0% 6 Becoming Disabled During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%	Actuarially determined contributions	\$	17,967	\$	54,655	N/A	N/A	\$	40,179			
Covered payroll \$ 260,388 \$ 222,175 N/A N/A \$ 236,340 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 7.00% 24.60% N/A N/A 17.00% Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date 107/2018 107/2018 107/2015 Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are being reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Funding Method Salary Increases 5.50% to 10.00% based on years of service Interest Rate 7.00% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. Payroll Growth None. Retirement Age 5% per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement Age 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates 8	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributio	n	18,233		54,655	N/A	N/A		40,179			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 7.00% 24.60% N/A N/A N/A 17.00% Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are being reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Funding Method Salary Increases 1.50% to 10.00% based on years of service Interest Rate 7.00% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. Payroll Growth Retirement Age 85% per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates 8 Service 0-2 Years 3-4 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 5.00% Disability Rates 8 Becoming Disabled During the Year 20 0.03% 0.004% 40 0.007%	Control deficiency (excess)	\$	(266)	\$	-	N/A	N/A	\$	-			
Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are being reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Funding Method Salary Increases Funding Method Salary Increases Interest Rate 7.00% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. Payroll Growth None. Retirement Age 5% per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates \$\frac{\text{Service}}{\text{O-2 Years}} \frac{\text{O.00}}{\text{D.00}} \frac{\text{Vears}}{\text{S-0.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}{\text{S-0.00}} \frac{\text{Vears}}{\text{S-0.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}{\text{S-0.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}{\text{D.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}{\text{S-0.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}{\text{S-0.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}{\text{D.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}{\text{S-0.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}{\text{D.00}} \frac{\text{D.00}}	Covered payroll	\$	260,388	\$	222,175	N/A	N/A	\$	236,340			
Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are being reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Funding Method Salary Increases Interest Rate Payroll Growth Retirement Age Retirement Age Soby per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates Service O-2 Years 3-4 Year 15.0% 5+ Years 5.0% Disability Rates Page During the Year Disabled Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.00%		24.60%	N/A	N/A		17.00%			
Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are being reported. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Funding Method Salary Increases Interest Rate 7.00% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. Payroll Growth Retirement Age 85% per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates Service O-2 Years 3-4 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 5,0% Disability Rates We Becoming Disabled Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%	Notes to Schedule:											
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: Funding Method Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method Salary Increases 5.50% to 10.00% based on years of service Interest Rate 7.00% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. Payroll Growth None. Retirement Age 5% per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates Service Service Output the Year O-2 Years 20.0% 3-4 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 5.0% Disability Rates % Becoming Disabled Age During the Year O1.03% 0.03% 0.04% 0.00% 0.00% Age During the Year O1.03% 0.004% 0.007%	Valuation Date		10/1/2018		10/1/2015							
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Funding Method Salary Increases Interest Rate To.00% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. Payroll Growth Retirement Age Some per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates Termination Rates Service During the Year 0-2 Years 20.0% 3-4 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 5.0% Disability Rates Becoming Disabled Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%												
Salary Increases Interest Rate Payroll Growth Retirement Age Retirement Age Termination Rates Disability Rates Disability Rates 5.50% to 10.00% based on years of service 7.00% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. None. 8.700% per year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. None. 8.700% per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates 8.700% Terminating Puring the Year 0-2 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 5.0% Disability Rates 8.700% Becoming Disabled Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%	Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:											
Interest Rate Payroll Growth Retirement Age Retirement Age Swerice proper year, compounded annually, gross of investment related expenses. None. Retirement Age Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates Service During the Year 0-2 Years 20.0% 3-4 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 5.0% Disability Rates Page During the Year 20 0.03% Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%	•											
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Retirement Age 5% per year eligible for Early Retirement. 10% per year eligible for Normal Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following an experience study dated December 1, 2013. Termination Rates Service During the Year 0-2 Years 20.0% 3-4 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 5.0% Disability Rates Mecoming Disabled Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%												
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Service During the Year	Retirement Age	Retirement (with 100% at 3 years beyond Normal Retirement Date). Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement Age on the valuation date is assumed to continue employment for one additional year. This assumption was adopted following										
Service During the Year	Termination Rates			% -	Terminating							
Disability Rates 0-2 Years 3-4 Years 15.0% 5+ Years 5.0% Disability Rates % Becoming Disabled 4 Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%			Service		U							
Disability Rates % Becoming Disabled Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%												
Disability Rates % Becoming Disabled Age During the Year 20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%		3	3-4 Years		15.0%							
Age Disabled 20 During the Year 30 0.04% 40 0.07%												
20 0.03% 30 0.04% 40 0.07%	Disability Rates				_							
30 0.04% 40 0.07%			Age	Dur	ing the Year							
40 0.07%												
			30		0.04%							
50 0.18%			40		0.07%							
			50		0.18%							

N/A - The Plan elected to not implement GASB 67 for these years.

Mortality

RP 2000 Table - Sex Distinct

^{* 10} years of data will be presented as it becomes available

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL FIREMEN'S PENSION PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

	2020		2019		2018		2017		 2016
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Control deficiency (excess)	\$	5,272 (5,272)	\$	7,458 (7,458)	\$	6,457 7,816 (1,359)	\$	7,473 8,292 (819)	\$ 8,529 19,922 (11,393)
Covered payroll	\$	46,790	\$	45,538	\$	46,120	\$	53,379	\$ 47,380
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.27%		16.38%		16.95%		15.53%	42.05%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date

Mortality

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method
Asset Valuation Method
Inflation
Salary Increases
Interest Rate
Retirement Age

two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are being reported.

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1 -

Aggregate Market Value 2.50% 5.00%

6.50%, net of investment related expenses

Varies by Age and Service

For healthy participants during employment, RP 2000 Combined Healthy Participant Mortality Tables, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment / 10% White Collar Adjustment for males and 100% White Collar Adjustment for females. Fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale BB. For healthy participants post employment, RP 2000 Annuitant Mortality Tables, with 90% Blue Collar Adjustment / 10% White Collar Adjustment for males and 100% White Collar Adjustment for females. Fully generational mortality improvements projected to each future decrement date with Scale BB.

For disabled male participants, 60% RP-2000 Disabled Male Mortality Table setback four years / 40% RP-2000 Annuitant Male Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment with no setback, without projected mortality improvements. For disabled female participants, 60% RP-2000 Disabled

Female Mortality Table set forward two years / 40% RP-2000 Annuitant Female Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment with no setback, without projected mortality improvements.

2018 - Benefit multiplier increased from 2% to 3%

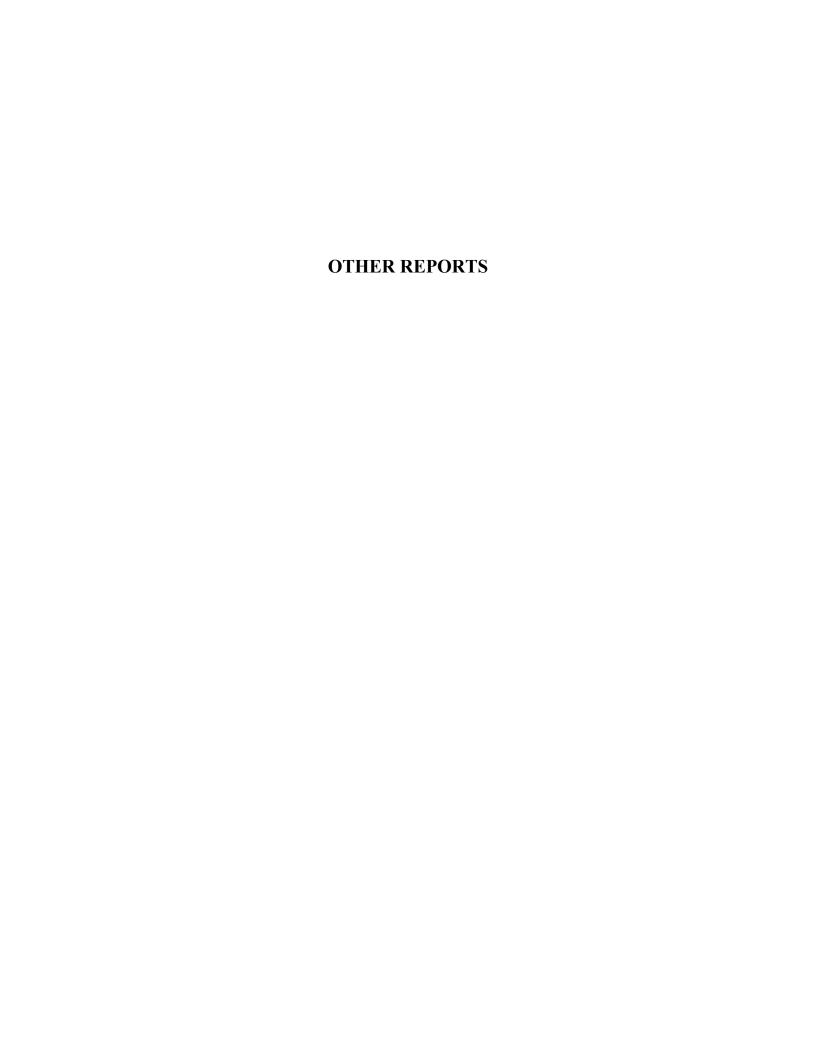
Benefit Changes

^{* 10} years of data will be presented as it becomes available

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CRESCENT CITY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATER AND SEWER FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Water	Sewer	Total
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$ 474,860	\$ 457,612	\$ 932,472
Operating expenses			
Personal services	117,238	49,529	166,767
Contractual services	88,413	38,968	127,381
Repairs and maintenance	38,649	30,363	69,012
Supplies	56,442	24,030	80,472
Utilities	18,468	19,018	37,486
Other expenses	176,485	129,576	306,061
Depreciation	91,385	97,834	189,219
Total operating expenses	587,080	389,318	976,398
Operating income (loss)	(112,220)	 68,294	(43,926)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Interest earnings	4,072	4,738	8,810
Other income (expense)	1,546	54	1,600
Interest and amortization expense	-	(33,462)	(33,462)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	5,618	(28,670)	(23,052)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(106,602)	39,624	(66,978)
Net position, beginning of year	1,649,744	2,671,917	4,321,661
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,543,142	\$ 2,711,541	\$ 4,254,683





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager, City of Crescent City, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crescent City, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies identified below to be material weaknesses:

2020-001 - Reconciliation of account balances (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

Various audit adjustments were required to correct account balances due to misclassifications in the original posting, reversal of prior year entries, or missing current-year accruals. The City's controls should include periodic reconciliations of significant account balances, including full accrual-based reconciliations at fiscal-year end to ensure all amounts have been appropriately recorded and budgeted for. We recommend the City increase its review of such transactions, including a review for proper cutoff at the fiscal year-end, to help ensure completeness and accuracy of all financial reporting.

2020-002 - Segregation of duties (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

Due to the limited number of people working for the City, many of the critical duties are combined and assigned to the available employees. Presently, a single individual performs the majority of the accounting functions. To the extent possible, duties should be segregated to serve as a check and balance and to maintain the best control system possible.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies identified below to be significant deficiencies:

2020-003 – Utility billing cash receipts (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

We noted after cash is collected by cashiers for utility and other bill/fee payments, it is deposited into the City's bank account; the deposit slip and all relevant support is brought to management for review. However, this review is not documented. We recommend this review be documented.

2020-004 – Utility billing rates (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

During our testing of utility billing controls, we noted the recalculated sewer usage charge amount was \$2.22 (before taxes) less than the amount included on customer bills. Per discussions with the billing department personnel, this is a known issue where the system incorrectly calculates the sewer fee for commercial customers whose water usage exceeds the minimum sewer rate of \$48.66. This results in the total bill for such customer to be overstated by \$2.22 before taxes. We noted the utility billing department personnel does not have the capability to change the formula in the system that calculates sewer fees. Per review of Ordinance No.1003 regarding water and sewer rates, we also noted that the rates have not changed since 2010. We recommend the City correct the billing system to calculate the utility bills correctly and also perform a utility rate study.

<u>2020-005 - Authorized check signers and electronic transfer funds (Second-Year Repeat Comment)</u>

We noted the Finance Director is an authorized check signer. In order to maintain proper segregation of duties and strengthen internal controls, we recommend that individuals who are involved in the cash and accounting functions of an organization not also be authorized check signers. We also recommend the City implement a procedure requiring a second individual's approval for any electronic transfers of cash.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In connection with our audit, we noted the following instances of noncompliance:

<u>2020-007 – Debt compliance</u>

During our testing of debt compliance requirements, we noted that the City is not in compliance with one of the gas bonds requirements as the balance in Gas Renewal and Replacement restricted cash account is below the amount required by the Gas Bonds Agreement and as required by Ordinance 96-02. Further, the balance in unrestricted cash in gas fund is insufficient to make a reclassification to correct this noncompliance. We recommend correcting this noncompliance by transferring sufficient amount into Gas Renewal and Replacement restricted cash account.

City of Crescent City, Florida's Response to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the letter titled Management's Response to the Auditor's Comments, as listed in the table of contents. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Masse ; Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida May 18, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor, City Commission, and City Manager, City of Crescent City, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of Crescent City, Florida (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated May 18, 2021.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; and Independent Accountants' Examination Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 18, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Six findings and recommendations from the prior year's audit (2020-001, 2020-002, 2020-003, 2020-004 and 2020-005) have been repeated for two or more years and have not yet been fully corrected. The following summarizes the status of prior year findings and recommendations:

2019-001 Reconciliation of Account Balances – Corrective action not taken. See second-year repeat comment 2020-001.

2019-002 Preparation of Financial Statements – Corrective action taken.

2019-003 Segregation of Duties – Corrective action not taken. See second-year repeat comment 2020-002.

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2019-004 Utility Billing Cash Receipts – Corrective action not taken. See second-year repeat comment 2020-003.

2019-005 Utility Billing Rates – Corrective action not taken. See second-year repeat comment 2020-004.

2019-006 Authorized Check Signers and Electronic Transfer Funds – Corrective action not taken. See second-year repeat comment 2020-005.

2019-007 Vendor Listing – Corrective action taken.

2019-008 Interfund activity – Corrective action not taken. See repeat comment 2020-006.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554 (1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the primary government of the reporting entity is disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we noted the following recommendations:

2020-006 – Interfund activity (Repeat Comment)

During our audit procedures, we noted that balances in Due to/Due From other funds did not change from the prior year. We recommend the City review the accounts and determine which balances can be paid off or reduced.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

City of Crescent City, Florida's Response to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the letter titled Management's Response to the Auditor's Comments, as listed in the table of contents. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and State granting agencies, the City Commission, management, and others within the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Maore : Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida May 18, 2021



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

We have examined the City of Crescent City, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, *Local Government Investment Policies*, for the year ended September 30, 2020, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks of material noncompliance with those requirements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the City of Crescent City, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

James Meore : 60., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida May 18, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO FINDINGS

2020-001 - Reconciliation of account balances (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

The Aclarian plan provides for the necessary staffing for periodic reconciliation of significant account balances, including full accrual-based reconciliations at fiscal year end.

2020-002 - Segregation of duties (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

The Aclarian plan provides for the necessary staffing to properly segregate duties to serve as a check and balance and to maintain the best control system possible.

2020-003 – Utility billing cash receipts (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

All Cash receipt deposits are verified by a second person usually the Utility Billing Manager and initialed before they are sent to Finance to provide the proper documentation. Then the Finance Director reconciles the deposit to the cash receipts reports and does a test transfer to verify amounts that will be pulled over into General Ledger. Once they are verified and pulled over the Finance Director will post into General Ledger then initial the reports to provide the proper documentation. The cash receipts reports, transfer reports and posting reports are filed for reference if needed. If the test transfer does not match the reports the process is stopped until the variance is resolved by Utility Billing. Once resolved, this process is documented by Utility Billing providing corrected and initialed reports.

2020-004 – Utility billing rates (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

The implementation of the Edmunds GovTech software system will resolve the billing rates calculations. A utility rate study is planned.

2020-005 – Authorized check signers and electronic transfer funds (Second-Year Repeat Comment)

The Aclarian plan provides for the necessary staffing to maintain proper segregation of duties and strengthen controls related to the check processing activities and electronic transfer of funds between the City's bank accounts.

2020-006 - Interfund activity (Repeat Comment)

The city will review the due to/due from accounts prior to the 2020-2021 fiscal year end and make the necessary journal entries to balance the accounts.

2020-007 – Debt compliance

The Gas Renewal and Replacement restricted cash account will be funded according to the Gas Bonds Agreement's required balance from the general fund reserve account prior to 9/30/2021.

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Phil Leary, Into	erim
City Manager, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:	

City Manager,	who being duly sworn, deposes and says on bath that.
1,	I am the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Crescent City which is a Chartered City of the State of Florida.
2.	Crescent City adopted (Ordinance No. <u>05~00.5</u> or Resolution No) implementing an impact fee; and
Crescent City has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.	
FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.	
	Phil Leary, AICP – Interim City Manager
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF PUTNAM	
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 1 4 day of may, 2021	
MYCO	KAREN J. HAYES MMISSION # GG 274229 PIRES: March 5, 2023 NOTARY PUBLIC Print Name PAREN J. HAYES
Personally known vo or produced identification	
Type of identification produced:	

My Commission Expires:

March 5, 2023